STRESS SYMPTOMS

The following Stress Danger Signals focus on the medical and physical symptoms common to tension stress. Your physician can best determine your medical condition, but these guidelines will provide you with a general indication of your stress level. Check those signals, which you have noticed:

General irritability, hyper excitability,
depression
Pounding of the heart
Dryness of mouth and throat
Impulsive behavior, emotional instability
Overpowering urge to cry or run
Inability to concentrate, flight of thoughts
Feelings of unreality, weakness, dizziness, fatigue
Floating anxiety, being afraid and not knowing why
Emotional tension and alertness
Trembling, nervous tics, easily startled
High-pitched, nervous laughter
Stuttering, other speech difficulties
Bruxism, or grinding of the teeth
Insomnia
Hyperactivity, increased tendency to move about
Excessive sweating
Frequent need to urinate
Diarrhea, indigestion, queasiness, vomiting
Migraine headaches
Pain in neck or lower back
Loss of appetite or excessive appetite
Increased use of prescribed drugs
Alcohol or drug abuse
Nightmares

The more signs that are present, the stronger the likelihood that there is a serious problem. See your physician if you are concerned about these symptoms.

Accident proneness

REUNION STRESS-COPING STRATEGIES

Most military families find that reunions are at least as stressful as separations. This is true for couples with children, couples without children, single parents, and single soldiers coming back to friends and family. Following are some coping strategies which may help:

Expect to have a few doubts and worries.

- ☐ Your partner may think you don't need them anymore.
- Anxiety is a natural and normal part of getting back together.

Forget your fantasies.

- Give up any fantasies or expectations you may have about what homecoming day should be.
- ☐ Take it easy and let things happen naturally.

Don't expect things to be exactly the way they were before the separation.

- You've changed, your spouse has changed and your children have changed.
- ☐ Don't get upset by things that are done differently.

Tips on helping children adjust:

- ☐ Children can get angry about their parent being gone.
- ☐ Toddlers and preschoolers may act like the homecoming parent is a stranger. They might not understand about "duty" or "mission".
- ☐ Elementary school children and teenagers may understand, but show anger or fear by "acting out."
- ☐ Get reacquainted and take things slowly.
- Children are resilient.

Accept and share your feelings.

- ☐ Talk a lot about your feelings, and let your partner talk too.
- Really listen. Make sure you fully understand what your partner is saying before you respond.
- □ Communication is the key.

See things from the other person's point of view.

- An awareness that the soldier no longer feels a part of things helps us to understand why they can be upset by even the smallest changes.
- Recognition of the pride a partner feels in the way he/she handled everything alone will help the soldier to understand the importance of accepting changes made during separation.
- Children are people too. Try to understand how they feel. Change and uncertainty is often very frightening for them, so be patient.

Homecoming

AND





COMMUNITY CENTER

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HOMECOMING AND REUNION STRESS

Whether you are a single or a married soldier, a single-parent soldier, a spouse, or a child, you will face certain stressors associated with Homecoming and Reunion. Below are some of the normal stressors you may face, along with some hints to help you adjust to the changes in your life.

	es	

family

Du.	C33013		
	Emotional letdown		
	Restlessness or sleeplessness		
	No one understands what I have been through		
	Was my spouse faithful?		
	Did my spouse miss me?		
	My friends seem different		
	I didn't expect things to change		
	Other people's concerns seem petty		
	I feel like a stranger at home		
	How will the children react?		
	Will the role I have filled change?		
	Were my children treated well by their		
	guardian?		
	Can I make up for lost time?		
	Did I handle things the right way?		
	When will things feel normal again?		
	I am concerned about finances		
	I am concerned about future deployments		
	The children appear confused and uncertain		
Hel	pful Hints		
	Accept that things may be different		
	Talk about your experiences		
	Go slowly—don't try to make up for lost time		
	Spend quality time with your children		
	Reassure your children. Change often frightens		
	them		
	Curb your desire to take control or to spend		
	money		
	Accept that your partner may be different		
	Intimate relationships may be awkward at first		
	Take time to get reacquainted		
	Forget your fantasies. Reality may be quite		
	different		
	Take time to readjust		
	Communicate with your partner and your		

Departions To	ahnianas
Reactions Te Birth to 1 Year	chniques
Cries	Hold
Fusses	Hug
Pulls away from you	Bathe and Change
Clings to spouse or	Feed and Play
caregiver	Relax
Has problems with	
elimination	
Changes their sleeping	
and eating habits	
Does not recognize you	
1 to 3	Years
Shyness	Don't force holding
Clinging	hugging, kissing
Does not recognize you	Give them space
Cries	Give them time to
Has temper tantrums	warm up
Regresses-no longer toilet trained	Be gentle and fun Sit at their level
tonet tramed	Sit at their level
3 to 5	Years
Demonstrates anger	Listen to them
Acts out to get	Accept their feelings
your attention; needs	Play with them
proof you are real	Reinforce that you
Is demanding	love them
Feels guilty for making	Find out the new
parent go away Talks a lot to bring	things on TV, at preschool, books
you up to date	
	Years
Isn't good enough	Review pictures, scho
Dreads your return	work, activities, scra
because of discipline	books
Boasts about Army and	Praise what they have
parent	Try not to criticize
13 to 13	8 Years
Is excited	Share what has
Feels guilty because	happened with you
they don't live up to	Listen with undivided
standards	attention
Is concerned about	Don't be judgmental
rules	Don't tease about
responsibilities Feels too old or is	fashion, music
unwilling to change	Respect privacy and friends
plans to accommodate	inchus
parent	

REESTABLISHING INTIMATE AND SEXUAL RELATIONS

One adjustment you may face when military separation occurs is reestablishing your intimate and sexual relationships.

Most military couples face the question, "How can two people work together toward achieving intimacy when one of them is often absent from the relationship for extended periods?"

Military couples often find that reunion may bring out feelings of uneasiness, and that their personal relationship is strained. Through an understanding of the effects of separation, you can better cope with the stress that accompanies reunion.

The following information about communication barriers and enhancers may help you to reconnect with your partner

Barriers to intimate communication and sexual relations:

- ☐ Unrealistic fantasies and expectations.
 ☐ Feeling anxiety about engaging in intimacy and sex.
 ☐ Feeling that your partner is a stranger.
- ☐ Feelings of anger, hostility, stress, or negative feelings about the separation.
- Concern about faithfulness to your relationship.
 Feeling that sexual relations need to be rushed to make up for lost time.

Communication enhancers:

- Communication will help bring you closer together. It gives you time to become reacquainted, and helps to let your partner know how you feel.
- ☐ Understand that feelings of anxiety are a very normal part of the reunion process.
- ☐ You have been apart from each other and you both have grown. Take time to get to know each other again.
- Discuss your negative feelings and frustrations. Fear of losing your partner plays a major role in developing negative feelings. Listen carefully to what your partner is trying to communicate to you.
- Don't assume the worst about your partner. If you have concerns about fidelity, talk to your chaplain or find a counselor who can help you work through these feelings.

